



ANNO SEPTIMO

# GEORGII V REGIS.

A.D. 1916.

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## No. 1238.

An Act to Regulate the Exhibition of Advertisements in certain Localities, and for purposes incidental thereto.

[*Assented to, September 21st, 1916.*]

**B**E it Enacted by the Governor of the State of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Parliament thereof, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the "Control of Advertisements Act, 1916." Short title.

2. This Act shall not apply— Application of Act.  
(a) within any Municipality, or  
(b) within any township.

3. In this Act "township" means any Government township, and any land laid out as a township, plans whereof have been deposited in the Lands Titles Registration Office, the General Registry Office, or the Surveyor-General's Office; and also includes any town, township, or village containing at least forty dwelling-houses, the boundaries whereof have been defined by a resolution of a District Council published in the *Government Gazette*. Interpretation.  
1182, 1914, s. 7.

4. (1) The Governor may make regulations to regulate, restrict, or prohibit the exhibition on any public road, sea-beach, or navigable waterway, or on any place or thing which is visible from such road, beach, Governor may make regulations in respect of advertisements.  
Cf. Imp. Act 7  
Ed. 7, c. 27, s. 2.

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beach, or waterway, of advertisements in such places, and in such manner, or by such means, as to affect injuriously the amenities of any public park or pleasure resort or the approaches thereto, or disfigure the natural beauty of any place or landscape.

(2) Any such regulation may be made with reference to any road, beach, or waterway specified in the regulation, or to all roads, beaches, and waterways within any portion of the State specified therein.

(3) Any such regulation may fix penalties for offences against or breaches of the same or any other regulation, and additional penalties for a repetition or continuance of any such offence or breach: Provided that no penalty for any single offence or breach shall exceed Ten Pounds, and no penalty for a repetition or continuance of such offence or breach shall exceed Fifty Pounds.

Notice to remove or obliterate advertisement exhibited in contravention of Act.

5. (1) The Minister may, at any time after the expiration of a period of one month from the publication in the *Government Gazette* of any regulation under section 4, give to the owner or occupier of any land upon which any advertisement is exhibited in contravention of such regulation, notice in writing requiring him to remove or obliterate the same within the time prescribed by such notice, and if such owner or occupier refuses or neglects or fails to remove or obliterate such advertisement within the time prescribed as aforesaid the Minister may enter upon the land of such owner or occupier and remove or obliterate the same, and the costs of and incidental to such removal or obliteration shall be a debt due to the Minister by such owner or occupier, payable on demand.

(2) Notice may be given under this section to an owner or occupier—

- (a) by delivering the same to him personally; or
- (b) by leaving the same in a conspicuous position upon the land referred to in the notice; or
- (c) by sending the same by post.

(3) In any legal proceedings, if it is proved that notice has been given as provided by this section, it shall not be necessary to prove that any advertisement referred to in such notice was exhibited in contravention of any such regulation as is referred to in subsection (1) hereof.

(4) The remedy available to the Minister by virtue of this section against such owner or occupier as is referred to herein is in addition to any power the Minister may have under this Act to proceed by information or complaint against such owner or occupier for a breach of any regulation.

Exemption.

6. Nothing in this Act shall apply to any notice, sign, or inscription exhibited upon any land which relates solely to any trade

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trade or business carried on, or intended to be carried on, or to any public meeting or entertainment held, or intended to be held, upon such land.

**7.** When any by-law made by a District Council in pursuance of the power conferred by subdivision XLIX. or subdivision LI. of section 376 of the District Councils Act, 1914, is inconsistent with any regulation made under this Act, such regulation shall prevail, and such by-law shall, to the extent of the inconsistency, be deemed not to be in force.

When District Council by-law not to apply.

No. 1182 of 1914.

**8.** (1) Every alleged offence against this Act shall be reported to the Minister.

Offences to be reported to the Minister who may direct prosecution.

(2) No proceedings for any such alleged offence shall be taken without the consent in writing of the Minister.

(3) Such consent may be proved by the production of a document in the form in the Schedule, or in a form to the like effect, purporting to be signed by the Minister.

(4) Proceedings for any such alleged offence may be taken by any member of the Police Force.

**9.** The allegation in any information or complaint for an alleged offence against this Act that any advertisement therein referred to—

Allegation of certain facts conclusive evidence.

(a) affects injuriously the amenities of the public park or pleasure resort therein mentioned; or

(b) disfigures the natural beauty of the place or landscape therein referred to,

shall be conclusive evidence of the fact so alleged.

**10.** In any proceedings for an alleged offence against this Act, proof that the accused is either—

Onus of proof.

(a) the person who, or whose business, is referred to in the advertisement the subject of the charge; or

(b) the person who is registered under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth as the proprietor of any trade mark used or referred to in such advertisement; or

(c) the owner or occupier of the land upon which such advertisement was exhibited,

shall be *prima facie* evidence that the accused is the person who exhibited such advertisement.

**11.** In any case where any person is convicted of exhibiting any advertisement contrary to this Act, the Special Magistrate or Justices before whom he is so convicted may, in addition to imposing a penalty, order him to pay to the Minister the estimated cost of removing or obliterating such advertisement.

Defendant may be ordered to pay cost of removing advertisement.

**12.** All

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Summary proceedings  
for offences.

**12.** All proceedings in respect of offences against this Act shall be disposed of summarily.

Appeal.

**13.** There shall be an appeal in respect of proceedings in respect of offences against this Act.

Special case.

**14.** In the event of an appeal in respect of proceedings in respect of offences against this Act, a special case may be stated.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty, I hereby assent to  
this Bill.

H. L. GALWAY, Governor.

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THE SCHEDULE.

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THE CONTROL OF ADVERTISEMENTS ACT, 1916.

Sec. 8.

*Consent of Minister.*

I, the Hon. \_\_\_\_\_, the Minister of the Crown administering the Control of Advertisements Act, 1916, hereby consent to proceedings being taken by (1) \_\_\_\_\_ against (2) \_\_\_\_\_, for an alleged offence under the Control of Advertisements Act, 1916.

(1) Here insert name of proposed informant.

(2) Here insert full name, address, and occupation of proposed defendant.